With the appearance of Islam in seventh century A.D. a writing system was urgently needed. Muslims felt it essential to record every syllable of the Koran with precision, and the ability to write became a valued skill. Furthermore, since strict Muslim law discouraged pictures, the Arabs began to develop calligraphy (fine, ornamental writing). Within less than two centuries after the time of Muhammad, Arabic calligraphy had reached a sophistication that has been surpassed only in China, where people valued it as early as the Han period and considered it a basic art form. Like Chinese calligraphy, several kinds of Arabic script were developed, ranging from monumental angular lettering, preferred for copying the Koran and other important works, to more cursive letters used for decorative displays. Today both types are in use, and in China calligraphic ability remains the mark of an educated person.”

(1) 請將上面這段英文翻成漢文。10%
(2) 中世紀伊斯蘭文化（Islamic Culture）對歐洲有何重要影響？請說明。15%

四、哥倫布發現新大陸的歷史意義是什麼？(25%)